# SURFACE TENSION PROPELLANT TANK OST 22/X

## Surface Tension Propellant Tank OST 22/X

**Tank Net Volume Range** 

**Propellants** 

**Geometrical Shape** 

Maximum Expected Operating Pressure (MEOP)

Proof Pressure (1.25 x MEOP)

Burst Pressure (1.5 x MEOP)

Interface Fixation

### **Materials**

- Pressure Vessel
- Suspension/Ports
- PMD
- Screens

**Tank Mass Range** 

**Project Involvement** 

700 to 1108 Litres

MON respectively MMH

Cassini Domes with variable cylindrical intersections

19.5 bar

24.38 bar

29.25 bar

24 Suspension Tabs with floating nuts M8 x 1 (e.g.)

Ti6Al4V STA (3.7164.7)

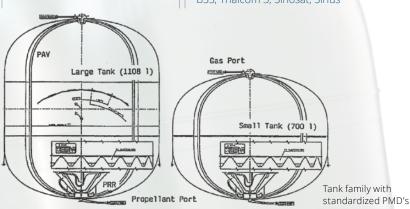
Ti6Al4V (3.7164.1)

Ti99.4 (3.7034.1) and Ti6Al4V (3.7164.1)

304L (1.4306); qualified also for Ti99.4 (3.7025.1)

36 to 49 kg

Artemis, Arabsat 2, Cesasat, Eutelsat W24, Arabsat BSS, Thaicom 3, Sinosat, Sirius





### **Functional Performances**

The tank is qualified for a hypergolic bipropellant propulsion subsystem with a liquid apogee boost motor of 400 N and orbit and attitude control thrusters up to 22 N force. The pressurant gas bubble free expulsion of the propellant under micro-g conditions will be performed by a specific propellant management device (PMD). The PMD contributes in 4 propellant acquisition vanes (PAV) and a propellant refillable reservoir (PRR). The PRR realize propellant expulsion despite of variable disturbance accelerations w.r.t. direction and level. Within in micro-g phases in between the orbit control manoeuvres the PRR will be refilled with propellant out of the propellant tank automatically via the PAV's.

These tanks are for unified propulsion subsystems of geo-stationary Satellites which transfer themselves from the transfer orbit into the geostationary circular orbit and perform there orbit and attitude control manoeuvres.

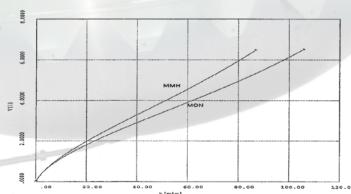
## Structure Layout Parameter

- Max. Operation Pressure:19.50 bar (SF=1.5)

- Design Burst Pressure: 29.25 bar

- Quasi Static Loads: axial 10.5 g lateral 4.0 g

Applicable Launchers: Ariane 4 & 5, Proton, Long March, Delta



Refill Time characteristic of the PRR under "zero"-g conditions

